

COPPER MOUNTAIN
MINING CORPORATION

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

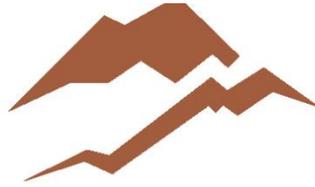
For the three and nine months ended

September 30, 2013

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COPPER MOUNTAIN
MINING CORPORATION

FORM 51-102F1
COPPER MOUNTAIN MINING CORPORATION
(The “Company”)

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS (“MD&A”) OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
& THE RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013**

October 30, 2013

Introduction

Management’s discussion and analysis (“MD&A”) focuses on significant factors that affected Copper Mountain Mining Corporation’s performance and factors that may affect its future performance. In order to better understand the MD&A, it should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2013. The Company reports its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”). The Company’s significant accounting policies are set out in Note 3 of audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012. The Company’s financial statements and the MD&A are presented in Canadian dollars and are intended to provide a reasonable basis for the investor to evaluate the Company’s development and financial situation.

Forward-Looking Statements

The MD&A contains certain statements that may be deemed "forward-looking statements." All statements in this MD&A, other than statements of historical fact, that address exploration drilling, exploitation activities, and events or developments that the Company expects to occur, are forward-looking statements. Estimates regarding the anticipated timing, amount and cost of mining at the Copper Mountain mine are based on assumptions underlying mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates and the probability of realizing such estimates are set out in the Updated Feasibility Study on the Copper Mountain Mine. Capital and operating cost estimates are based on extensive research by the Company, recent estimates of construction and mining costs and other factors that are set out herein and in the Updated Feasibility Study. Production estimates are based on mine plans and production schedules, which have been developed by the Company's personnel and independent consultants. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts and are generally, but not always, identified by the words "expects", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "intends", "estimates", "projects", "potential", "targets" and similar expressions, or that events or conditions "will", "would", "may", "could", or "should" occur. Information inferred from the interpretation of drilling results and information concerning mineral resource estimates may also be deemed to be forward-looking statements, as it constitutes a prediction of what might be found to be present when and if a project is actually developed. Although the Company believes the expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: general business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties; the limited operating history of the Company; actual results of reclamation activities; conclusions of economic evaluations; fluctuations in the value of the Canadian dollar relative to the United States dollar; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; failure of equipment or process to operate as anticipated; changes in labor costs and other costs and availability of equipment or processes to operate as anticipated; accidents, labor disputes and other risks of the mining industry, including but not limited to environmental hazards, cave-ins, pit-wall failures,

flooding, rock bursts and other acts of God or unfavorable operating conditions and losses, detrimental events that interfere with transportation of concentrate or the smelters ability to accept concentrate, including declaration of Force Majeure events, insurrection or war; delays in obtaining governmental approvals or revocation of governmental approvals; title risks and Aboriginal land claims; delays or unavailability in financing or in the completion of development or construction activities; failure to comply with restrictions and covenants in senior loan agreements, actual results of current exploration activities; volatility in Company's publicly traded securities; and the factors discussed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in the Company's annual information form and in the Company's continuous disclosure filings available under its profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Investors are cautioned that any such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, estimates and opinions of the Company's management on the date the statements are made. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking statements, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.

Cautionary Note to Investors Concerning Estimates of Measured and Indicated Resources. This discussion uses the terms "measured resources" and "indicated resources". The Company advises investors that while those terms are recognized and required by Canadian regulations, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission does not recognize them. **Investors are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into reserves."**

Highlights

(CDN\$ except for cash cost results)	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2013	2012 ¹	2013	2012 ¹
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	67,615,718	47,646,402	168,408,043	179,387,350
Gross profit	16,369,921	4,188,510	22,799,370	45,294,852
Operating income	15,094,744	2,324,545	18,779,078	39,929,541
Net income (loss)	15,086,632	9,837,744	731,073	38,335,134
Earnings (loss) attributable to shareholders of the Company	11,228,008	7,021,854	(441,356)	27,544,900
Adjusted earnings (loss) ²	447,137	(2,976,392)	9,819,332	33,827,627
Earnings (loss) per share ³	0.11	0.07	0.00	0.28
Adjusted earnings (loss) per share ⁴	0.00	(0.03)	0.10	0.34
EBITDA ⁵	29,450,061	17,259,395	33,906,978	63,856,900
Adjusted EBITDA	14,810,566	4,445,259	42,995,237	59,349,393
Cash and cash equivalents	17,111,172	20,382,828	17,111,172	20,382,828
Working capital	12,770,023	24,716,985	12,770,023	24,716,985
Equity	264,430,692	255,077,339	264,430,692	255,077,339
Site cash costs per pound of copper produced (net of precious metal credits) (US\$)	1.68	2.32	1.71	1.61
Total cash costs per pound of copper sold (net of precious metal credits) (US\$)	2.22	2.83	2.24	2.15

Third Quarter Results & Highlights (100%)

- Total production for the 2013 third quarter was 17.7 million pounds of copper, 6,400 ounces of gold and 79,300 ounces of silver.
- Copper concentrate shipments totalled approximately 16.6 million pounds of copper, 6,300 ounces of gold, and 77,100 ounces of silver during the third quarter of 2013.
- Revenues were \$67.6 million after pricing adjustments and treatment charge deductions.
- Earnings attributable to shareholders were \$11.2 million or \$0.11 per share.
- EBITDA was \$29.5 million and Adjusted EBITDA was \$14.8 million
- Site cash costs were US\$1.68 per pound of copper produced net of precious metal credits.
- Total cash costs were US\$2.22 per pound of copper sold net of precious metal credits and after all off-site charges.

¹ 2012 comparatives have been adjusted for adoption of IFRIC 20 and the change in accounting policy related to inventory cost allocation.

² Adjusted earnings (loss) is a non-GAAP financial measure which removes unrealized gains/losses on interest rate swaps, pricing adjustments on concentrate metal sales and foreign currency gains/losses.

³ Calculated based on weighted average number of shares outstanding under the basic method based on earnings attributable to shareholders.

⁴ Calculated by dividing the total adjusted earnings by the weighted average number of shares outstanding under the basic method.

⁵ Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. Refer to the Non-GAAP Performance measures section of this MD&A.

Overview

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation was incorporated under the provisions of the British Columbia *Company Act* on April 20, 2006. The Company owns 75% of the Copper Mountain mine through a subsidiary and Mitsubishi Materials Corporation (“MMC”) owns the remaining 25% of the Copper Mountain mine through a subsidiary.

The Company is a mid-tier copper-gold producing company that is fully focused on optimizing the Copper Mountain mine. Following the successful exploration programs of 2007 and 2008 the Company completed an updated Feasibility Study and committed to the development of the new mine. On April 1, 2010 the BC Government issued the approval that allowed for construction of the \$438 million development to proceed.

The development plan for the mine is based on combining the three existing pits into one larger super pit and constructing a new 35,000 tonnes per day (TPD) concentrator designed to produce approximately 100 million pounds of copper per year in a copper concentrate with gold and silver credits. Over the initial 17 year mine life the mine is planned to produce 1.48 billion pounds of copper, 4,490,400 ounces of silver and 452,000 ounces of gold.

Mechanical completion of the concentrator and associated facilities was achieved by the end of May 2011, and testing of the equipment was finished by the end of June 2011. Production of copper concentrate commenced during the third quarter of 2011.

The Company trades on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the trading symbol “CUM”.

Copper Mountain Mine

The Copper Mountain mine is situated 20 km south of Princeton, British Columbia and 300 km east of the port of Vancouver. The development was based on the 2008 Feasibility Study and consisted of the construction of a 35,000 TPD concentrator. Based on Feasibility Study reserves, the mine has a life of 17 years. The property consists of 135 Crown granted mineral claims, 156 located mineral claims, 14 mining leases, and 12 fee simple properties covering an area of 6,702.1 hectares or 67 square kilometers.

The mine is a conventional open pit, truck and shovel operation. Mining is divided into multiple development phases with sequential pushbacks in each of the pits. This development sequence is designed to maximize the discounted cash flow which is reflected in the planned pit phases. In order to maximize the head grade being delivered to the concentrator in the initial years the Company is processing ore greater than 0.20 % Cu, while ore that is less than 0.20 % Cu but greater than 0.10% Cu is being mined and stockpiled (low grade stockpile) for processing in later years.

The Company’s mining equipment fleet consists of two Komatsu PC 8000 hydraulic shovels, a Hitachi EX 5500 hydraulic shovel, thirteen Komatsu 240 ton capacity haul trucks, six Euclid 260 ton haul trucks, a Komatsu WA 1200 loader, and a fleet of support equipment.

The following table sets out the major operating parameters for the mine for the three months ended September 30, 2013.

Mine Production Information	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
Copper Mountain Mine (100% Basis)	2013	2012	2013	2012
Mine:				
Total tonnes mined (000's ⁶)	13,334	14,553	42,657	38,803
Ore tonnes mined (000's)	3,951	3,520	12,694	8,361
Waste tonnes (000's)	9,383	11,033	29,693	30,442
Stripping ratio	2.37	3.13	2.36	3.64
Mill:				
Tonnes milled (000's)	2,680	2,441	7,385	6,845
Feed Grade (Cu%)	0.34	0.30	0.34	0.36
Recovery (%)	87.15	76.57	85.70	78.70
Operating time (%)	89.48	83.50	87.42	81.70
Tonnes milled (TPD ⁷)	29,130	26,533	27,051	25,073
Production:				
Copper production (000's lbs)	17,700	12,543	47,600	42,809
Gold production (oz)	6,400	4,300	17,400	13,000
Silver production (oz)	79,300	77,200	214,500	287,000
Site cash costs per pound of copper produced (net of precious metal credits) (US\$) ⁸	\$1.68	\$2.32	\$1.71	\$1.61
Total cash costs per pound of copper sold (net of precious metal credits) (US\$) ⁹	\$2.22	\$2.83	\$2.24	\$2.15

Mining activities continued from the Pit 2 and Pit 3 areas during the quarter as planned and averaged approximately 154,300 tonnes per day mined. During the quarter a total of 13.3 million tonnes of material was mined, including 3.9 million tonnes of ore and 9.4 million tonnes of waste. Mine production during the quarter was negatively affected by shovel #1 being down for an extended period of time for maintenance at the same time as the mine's back up loader had an engine failure, the costs of the engine failure was partially covered under warranty. Other than these two items during the quarter, the mine's mobile haulage fleet continues to have excellent mechanical availability.

Mill throughput during the quarter improved to an average of 29,130 tpd compared to 26,000 tpd for the first half of 2013, an increase of 12%. The mill processed a total 2.7 million tonnes of ore at an average grade of 0.34% copper during the quarter as compared to 2.4 million tonnes of ore for the three months ended June 2013. Mill recoveries for the third quarter were 87% as compared to 85% for the first half of 2013. This improvement can be attributed to reagent testing and the expert system optimization which is continuously being improved to further maximize recoveries.

⁶ Excludes ore re-handle from stockpile

⁷ Tonnes per day

⁸ 2012 cash cost comparatives have been adjusted for adoption of IFRIC 20 and change in accounting policy related to inventory cost allocation.

The mine exited the quarter on a very positive note with mill availability of 94.2% and copper production of 6.8 million pounds for the month of September, the highest production month since the mine commenced operations. Mine production was 17.7 million pounds of copper, 6,400 ounces of gold, and 79,300 ounces of silver during the three months of operations ended September 30, 2013. This brought production for the nine months to 47.6 million pounds of copper, 17,400 ounces of gold and 214,500 ounces of silver.

Production improvements can be attributed to the increased average mill throughput rate made possible with the short term secondary crushing strategies that have been implemented and improved in late July. These short term strategies include: utilizing an increased powder factor in the blasting ore to create more fines; continuing with a contract portable crusher to crush plus 5,000 tpd of ore to minus two inches; and the introduction of the Company's own portable crusher that was purchased and installed at the coarse ore stockpile during the quarter. The combination of these three activities is designed to create between 12,000 tpd and 13,000 tpd of minus two inch ore feed for the SAG mill. These short term measures have had positive results towards increasing mill throughput. Management has concluded that the installation of a permanent SAG Mill pre-crusher is required to meet long-term objectives and is working with its partners and project banks to get the installation approved as soon as possible.

For the third quarter ended September 30, 2013 the Company completed a total of three shipments containing approximately 16.6 million pounds of copper, 6,300 ounces of gold, and 77,100 ounces of silver which generated \$67.6 million in revenue after pricing adjustments and treatment charge deductions.

The Company currently has 400 operating employees at the mine site.

Results of Operations

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2013 \$	2012 ⁹ Restated \$	2013 \$	2012 ⁹ Restated \$
(CDN\$)				
Revenues	67,615,718	47,646,402	168,408,043	179,387,350
Cost of sales¹⁰	(51,245,797)	(43,457,892)	(145,608,673)	(134,092,498)
Gross profit (loss)	16,369,921	4,188,510	22,799,370	45,294,852
Other income and expenses				
General and administration	(1,249,714)	(1,052,319)	(3,978,854)	(3,455,690)
Share based compensation	(25,463)	(811,646)	(41,438)	(1,909,621)
Operating income (loss)	15,094,744	2,324,545	18,779,078	39,929,541
Pricing adjustments on concentrate and metal sales	(8,282,970)	(3,754,266)	1,217,147	(236,822)
Finance income	30,649	310,828	216,073	1,256,603
Finance expense	(2,080,671)	(1,763,226)	(6,383,667)	(6,072,661)
Current resource tax expense	(817,615)	(94,273)	(1,235,040)	(1,049,034)
Deferred income tax expense	(3,497,000)	-	(2,774,259)	-
Adjusted earnings (loss)¹¹	447,137	(2,796,392)	9,819,332	33,827,627
Pricing adjustments on concentrate and metal sales	8,282,970	3,754,266	(1,217,147)	236,822
Unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swap	(279,510)	71,580	2,274,698	(3,259,889)
Unrealized gain (loss) on foreign exchange	6,636,035	8,988,290	(10,145,810)	7,530,574
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period	15,086,632	9,837,744	731,073	38,335,134
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:				
Shareholders of the company	11,228,008	7,021,854	(441,356)	27,544,900
Non-controlling interest	3,858,624	2,815,890	1,172,429	10,790,234
	15,086,632	9,837,744	731,073	38,335,134
Earnings (loss) per share	0.11	0.07	0.00	0.28
Adjusted earnings (loss) per share	0.00	(0.03)	0.10	0.34

⁹ 2012 comparatives have been adjusted for application of IFRIC 20 and change in accounting policy related to inventory cost allocation.

¹⁰ Cost of sales consists of direct mining and milling costs (which include mine site employee compensation and benefits, mine site general and administrative costs, non-capitalized stripping costs, maintenance and repair costs, operating supplies and external services), depreciation and offsite transportation costs.

¹¹ Adjusted earnings (loss) is a non-GAAP financial measure which excludes unrealized gains/losses on derivative instruments, changes in fair value of financial instruments, foreign currency gains/losses, pricing adjustments related to metal sales and non-recurring transactions.

For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

The Copper Mountain mine produced 17.7 million pounds of copper during the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to 12.5 million pounds of copper for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The mine shipped and sold a total of 16.6 million pounds of copper, 6,300 ounces of gold, and 77,100 ounces of silver during the three months ended September 30, 2013; compared to a total of 12.1 million pounds of copper, 3,400 ounces of gold and 81,800 ounces of silver during the three months ended September 30, 2012. Site cash costs were US\$1.68 per pound of copper produced, net of precious metal credits, and total cash costs were US\$2.22 per pound sold, net of precious metal credits, for the three months ended September 30, 2013; compared to site cash costs of US\$2.32 per pound of copper produced and total cash costs of US\$2.83 per pound of copper sold, net of precious metal credits for the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Effective January 1, 2013, the Company adopted a new accounting policy referred to as IFRIC 20, Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine (“IFRIC 20”). For information on the adoption of this new accounting standard, refer to note 3 of the September 30, 2013 condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

During the quarter the Company recognized revenues of \$67.6 million, net of a \$8.3 million positive pricing adjustment and \$4.7 million in treatment charges based on an average provisional copper price of approximately US\$3.22 per pound; compared to revenues of \$47.6 million net of pricing adjustments and an average copper price of US\$3.37 per pound for the period ended September 30, 2012. This increase in revenue is primarily a result of increased sales volumes as compared to the same period last year. Mining operations for the three month period ended September 30, 2013 resulted in a gross profit of \$16.4 million as compared to a gross profit of \$4.2 million for the period ended September 30, 2012. The Company reported a net income attributable to the shareholders of the Company of \$11.2 million or \$0.11 per share for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared to a net income of \$7.0 million or \$0.07 per share for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase net income for the quarter was directly attributable to increased SAG mill throughput that resulted in higher copper production which led to increased revenues on the Company’s copper concentrate sales and positive pricing adjustments of \$8.3 million on metal sales. In addition, a non-cash unrealized foreign exchange gain of \$6.6 million that is attributable to the Company’s debt that is denominated in U.S. dollars also helped contribute to the increase in net income.

Cost of sales represent direct mining and milling costs (which include operating, non-capitalized waste stripping costs, maintenance and repair costs, mine site general and administrative costs, operating supplies and external services), employee compensation and benefits, depreciation and transportation costs. The cost of sales for the three month period ended September 30, 2013, was \$51.2 million compared to \$43.5 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2012. The increase in costs during the quarter is a result of increased sales volumes of copper concentrate sold compared to the three months ended September 30, 2012.

General and administration expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2013, were \$1.2 million compared to \$1.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Non-cash share based compensation reflected an expense of \$0.02 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared to an expense of \$0.8 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2012. The decrease in non-cash share based compensation was a result of the vesting provisions of stock options issued in prior periods.

Other items recorded include finance income of \$0.03 million, finance expense of \$2.1 million, resource tax expense of \$0.8 million and a deferred income expense of \$3.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared to finance income of \$0.3 million, finance expense of \$1.8 million, and resource tax expense of \$0.09 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Finance expense primarily consists of interest on loans and the amortization of loan related financing fees.

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

The Copper Mountain mine produced 47.6 million pounds of copper during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to 42.8 million pounds in the prior year. The mine shipped and sold a total of 46.3 million pounds of copper, 17,600 ounces of gold, and 212,600 ounces of silver during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to 46.0 million pounds of copper, 14,700 ounces of gold and 330,400 ounces of silver during the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Site cash costs were US\$1.71 per pound of copper produced and total cash costs were US\$2.24 per pound sold for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to site cash costs of \$1.61 per pound of copper produced and total cash costs of \$2.15 per pound sold for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. During the period the Company recognized revenues of \$168.4 million, net of pricing adjustments and based on an average provisional copper price of approximately US\$3.31 per pound. Gross profit for the nine month period ended September 30, 2013 was \$22.8 million as compared to \$45.3 million for the period ended September 30, 2012. The reduction in gross profit was primarily a function of lower metal prices and reduced volumes of silver metal sold compared to the prior year period. The Company reported net loss attributable to the shareholders of the Company of \$0.4 million or \$0.00 per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to a net income of \$27.5 million or \$0.29 per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The income for the nine months period ended September 30, 2013, recorded an unrealized foreign exchange loss of \$10.1 million which was primarily related to the Company's project debt that is denominated in U.S. dollars. This compares to an unrealized foreign exchange gain of \$7.5 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012.

Cost of sales represent direct mining and milling costs (which include operating, non-capitalized waste stripping costs, maintenance and repair costs, mine site general and administrative costs, operating supplies and external services), employee compensation and benefits, depreciation and transportation costs. The cost of sales for the nine month period ended September 30, 2013, was \$145.6 million compared to \$134.1 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012. The increase in costs during the quarter is a result of increased sales volumes of copper concentrate sold compared to the period ended September 30, 2012.

General and administration expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, were \$3.9 million compared to \$3.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Non-cash share based compensation reflected an expense of \$0.04 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to an expense \$1.9 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012. The decrease in non-cash share based compensation was a result of the full vesting of stock options issued in prior periods.

Other items recorded under other income and expenses include finance income of \$0.2 million, finance expense of \$6.4 million and resource tax expense of \$1.2 million and a deferred tax expense of \$2.8 million. Finance expense primarily consists of interest on loans and the amortization of financing fees.

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following table contains selected quarterly financial information derived from the Company's financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated quarterly financial statements reported under IFRS.

Quarter	Revenue ¹² \$	Net Income (Loss) \$	Profit (Loss) Attributable to Shareholders \$	Cash flow from Operations \$	Income (Loss) per Share Basic \$	Income (Loss) per Share Diluted \$
September 30, 2013	67,615,718	15,086,632	11,228,008	15,450,111	0.11	0.11
June 30, 2013	45,698,504	(12,083,649)	(14,766,979)	8,304,456	(0.15)	(0.15)
March 31, 2013	55,093,821	(2,271,910)	(2,274,775)	(4,737,604)	(0.02)	(0.02)
December 31, 2012 ¹³ (restated)	50,086,260	15,449,241	11,491,995	55,774,649	0.12	0.11
September 30, 2012 (restated)	47,646,402	9,837,744	7,021,854	8,998,606	0.07	0.07
June 30, 2012 (restated)	60,721,215	(2,169,540)	(2,079,811)	29,066,494	(0.02)	(0.02)
March 31, 2012 (restated)	71,019,733	30,666,929	22,603,857	(1,782,175)	0.23	0.23
December 31, 2011	44,710,034	8,098,610	5,590,703	8,331,184	0.06	0.06

Cash flow from operations and Net Income (Loss) and Profit (Loss) attributable to the shareholders varies from period to period primarily as a result of operational performance discussed in the overview section above, non-cash share based compensation charges, changes in foreign exchange rates, the timing of concentrate shipments and valuation of the interest rate swap related to a portion of the Company's long-term debt denominated in U.S. dollars.

Liquidity

As at September 30, 2013, the Company had working capital of \$12.8 million (made up of cash \$17.1 million, accounts receivable of \$16.8 million, inventory of 28.3 million, and offset by \$28.6 million in accounts payable, \$19.6 million in current portion of long term debt, and a current tax liability of \$1.2 million) compared with working capital of \$10.7 million at December 31, 2012 (made up of cash \$24.3 million, accounts receivable of \$15.3 million, inventory of \$20.9 million, and offset by \$30.9 million in accounts payable, \$18.8 million in current portion of long term debt, and a current tax liability of \$0.1 million).

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safe guard its ability to continue as a going concern, to provide an adequate return on investment to shareholders and to maintain a flexible capital structure that optimizes the cost of capital at acceptable risk. There were no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended September 30, 2013.

The Company holds its excess cash in interest bearing accounts or in cashable Guaranteed Investment Certificates at major Canadian or United States banks.

¹² Net of treatment and refining charges and price adjustments

¹³ Restated for adoption of IFRIC 20

As at September 30, 2013 the Company had a total of \$8.2 million on deposit with the Government of British Columbia in support of reclamation liabilities at the Copper Mountain Mine. The Company does not have access to this money but does receive interest on the funds on deposit.

As at September 30, 2013, the Company had the following consolidated contractual obligations:

Contractual Obligation (CDN\$)	Payment Due By Period				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1 – 3 Years	4 – 5 Years	After 5 Years
Long term debt	305,968,136	12,303,208	45,028,388	73,349,909	175,286,632
Lease obligations	17,808,935	6,325,135	11,100,456	383,344	-
Decommissioning & restoration provision	8,259,191	-	-	-	8,259,191
Accounts payable	28,604,821	28,604,821	-	-	-

Cash to meet the Company's future cash commitments will come from existing cash on hand, plus cash flow from operations.

The Company had no material commitments for capital expenditures as of September 30, 2013.

Capital Resources

As at September 30, 2013, the Company had \$17.1 million in cash and cash equivalents. Management has concluded that the installation of a permanent SAG Mill pre-crusher is required to meet long-term objectives and estimates that this cost will be approximately \$40.0 million. Management is working with its partners and project banks to advance the installation of the secondary crusher, of which the Company is responsible for its 75% (\$30.0 million).

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None

Transactions with Related Parties

All transactions with related parties have occurred in the normal course of the Company's operations and have been measured at their fair value as determined by management.

- During the period ended September 30, 2013 the Company sold copper concentrates to MMC with revenues totalling \$168,408,043, including pricing adjustments. (2012 –\$179,387,350)
- During the period ended September 30, 2013 the Company accrued interest on the subordinated loan with MMC totalling \$349,440 (2012 - \$350,720)
- During the period ended September 30, 2013, the Company paid \$35,686 (2012 – \$108,037) in office rent to Kobex Minerals Inc. Kobex Minerals Inc. was related to the Company by a common director.

Key management includes the company’s directors and officers. Compensation awarded to key management includes:

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries and short-term employee benefits	332,865	346,336	4,311,810	1,014,221
Share-based payments	11,468	647,833	(200,244)	1,970,012
	344,333	994,169	4,111,566	2,984,233

Proposed Transactions

None

Critical Accounting Estimates

The Company’s significant accounting policies are presented in note 3 of the audited consolidated financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2012. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard “IFRS” requires management to select accounting policies and make estimates. Such estimates may have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. These estimates include:

- mineral resources and reserves,
- current and deferred income and resource taxes
- the assumptions used in determining the decommissioning and restoration provision

Actual amounts could differ from the estimates used and, accordingly, affect the results of operations.

Change in Accounting Policies, Including Initial Adoption

The Company adopted a new inventory cost allocation policy based on a contained metal basis to allocate costs to the components of inventory. This change in accounting policy was adopted in conjunction with IFRIC 20.

New Accounting Standards Adopted

IFRS 10 – Consolidation

IFRS 10 requires an entity to consolidate an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Under existing IFRS, consolidation is required when an entity has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. IFRS 10 replaces SIC-12 Consolidation—Special Purpose Entities and parts of IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements.

IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements

IFRS 11 requires a venturer to classify its interest in a joint arrangement as a joint venture or joint operation. Joint ventures will be accounted for using the equity method of accounting whereas for a joint operation the venturer will recognize its share of the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of the joint operation. Under existing IFRS, entities have the choice to proportionately consolidate or equity account for interests in joint ventures. IFRS 11 supersedes IAS 31, Interests in Joint Ventures, and SIC-13, Jointly Controlled Entities—Non-monetary Contributions by Venturers.

IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

IFRS 12 establishes disclosure requirements for interests in other entities, such as joint arrangements, associates, special purpose vehicles and off balance sheet vehicles. The standard carries forward existing disclosures and also introduces significant additional disclosure requirements that address the nature of, and risks associated with, an entity's interests in other entities.

IFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement

IFRS 13 is a comprehensive standard for fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across all IFRS standards. The new standard clarifies that fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, at the measurement date. It also establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Under existing IFRS, guidance on measuring and disclosing fair value is dispersed among the specific standards requiring fair value measurements and in many cases does not reflect a clear measurement basis or consistent disclosures.

IFRIC 20 – Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

The Company adopted new and amended IFRS pronouncements listed below as at January 1, 2013, in accordance with transitional provisions outlined in the respective standards.

The Company adopted IFRIC 20, Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine (“IFRIC 20”) and applied the requirements to production stripping costs incurred on or after January 1, 2012, in accordance with the transitional provisions of IFRIC 20.

The interpretation provides guidance on how to account for waste stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine. Stripping activity related to inventory produced is accounted for in accordance with IAS 2, Inventories. Stripping activity that improves access to ore is accounted for as an addition to or enhancement of an existing asset.

Under IFRIC 20, stripping activity assets are recognized when the following three criteria are met:

- it is probable that the future economic benefit (improved access to the ore body) associated with the stripping activity will flow to the entity;
- the entity can identify the component of the ore body for which access has been improved; and
- the costs relating to the stripping activity associated with that component can be measured reliably.

Stripping activity assets capitalized under IFRIC 20 are classified as mineral properties and mine development costs within property, plant and equipment, which is consistent with the classification of the asset these costs relate to. These assets are amortized on a units-of-production basis over the remaining proven and probable reserves of the respective components.

The adoption of IFRIC 20 resulted in an increase in the capitalization of production stripping assets on the consolidated balance sheet and an increase in profit and earnings per share. Inventories were adjusted to reflect capitalize production stripping costs. The depreciation of stripping activity assets is included in the cost of inventories. Concurrent with the adoption of IFRIC 20, the Company has changed its method of allocating mining costs between high grade and low grade inventory to use a contained metal allocation basis.

The adoption of IFRIC 20 has significantly increased the capitalization of production stripping costs as compared to our previous accounting policy. As at September 30, 2013, a cumulative total of \$41.2 million of stripping activity assets have been capitalized.

Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

Please refer to note 3(d) of the audited financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2012.

Non-GAAP Performance Measures

This document includes certain non-GAAP performance measures that do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. These measures may differ from those used by, and may not be comparable to such measures as reported by, other issuers. The Company believes that these measures are commonly used by certain investors, in conjunction with conventional IFRS measures, to enhance their understanding of the Company's performance. These measures have been derived from the Company's financial statements and applied on a consistent basis. The following tables below provide a reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measure.

Cash costs per pound

Cash costs of sales include all costs absorbed into concentrate inventory, as well as precious metal credits, treatment & refining costs and transportation costs, less non-cash items such as depreciation. Total cash cost per pound sold is calculated by dividing the aggregate of the applicable costs by copper pounds sold. Site cash costs of production include all costs absorbed into inventory less non-cash items such as depreciation and non-site charges such as trucking charges capitalized to concentrate inventory. Site cash costs per pound produced are calculated by dividing the aggregate of the applicable costs by copper pounds produced. These measures are calculated on a consistent basis for the periods presented.

Total Cash Cost of Sales Per Pound of Copper Sold	Three months ended September 30, ¹⁴		Nine months ended September 30, ¹⁵	
	2013	2012 (restated)	2013	2012 (restated)
Cost of Sales	51,245,797	43,457,892	145,608,673	134,092,498
Add: Treatment & refining charges	4,717,669	3,862,962	12,877,642	13,353,527
Less: non-cash items:				
Depreciation	(7,998,792)	(5,874,980)	(22,999,012)	(19,656,674)
Cash costs of sales	47,964,674	41,445,874	135,487,303	127,789,351
Average foreign exchange rate (CDN\$ to US\$)	0.9631	1.005	0.9771	1.022
Cash costs of sales (US\$)	46,194,777	41,653,103	132,384,644	130,600,716
Less: Precious metal credits (US\$):	(9,386,729)	(7,438,186)	(28,742,432)	(31,967,930)
Net cash costs of sales (US\$)	36,808,048	34,214,917	103,642,212	98,632,786

¹⁴ 2012 comparatives have been adjusted for application of IFRIC 20 and change in accounting policy related to inventory cost allocation.

Total pounds of copper sold	16,630,000	12,081,000	46,349,000	45,936,000
Total ounces of gold sold	6,300	3,400	17,600	14,700
Total ounces of silver sold	77,100	81,800	212,600	330,400
Cash Cost per pound of copper sold net of precious metal credits (US\$)	\$2.22	2.83	\$2.24	\$2.15

Site Cash Cost Per Pound of Copper Produced	Three months ended September 30, (restated)		Nine months ended September 30, (restated)	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Cash Cost of Sales	47,964,674	41,445,874	135,487,303	127,789,351
Net change in concentrate inventory	1,735,853	1,916,020	1,819,594	(3,229,085)
	49,700,527	43,361,894	137,306,897	124,560,266
Less: Off-site related costs				
Treatment & refining charges	(4,717,669)	(3,862,962)	(12,877,642)	(13,353,527)
Transportation costs	(3,185,736)	(2,430,324)	(8,668,968)	(9,683,816)
Trucking charges	(1,169,061)	(727,490)	(3,171,024)	(2,940,124)
Total Site Cash Costs of Production	40,628,061	36,341,118	112,589,263	98,582,799
Average foreign exchange rate (CDN\$ to US\$)	0.9631	1.005	0.9771	1.022
Total Site Cash Costs of Production (US\$)	39,128,885	36,522,823	110,010,969	100,751,620
Less precious metal credits (US\$)	(9,386,729)	(7,438,186)	(28,742,432)	(31,967,930)
	29,742,156	29,084,637	81,268,537	68,783,690
Total pounds of copper produced	17,679,000	12,543,000	47,617,000	42,809,000
Total ounces of gold produced	6,400	4,300	17,300	13,000
Total ounces of silver produced	79,300	77,200	214,500	287,000
Site cash costs per pound net precious metal credits (US\$)	\$1.68	\$2.32	\$1.71	\$1.61

Cash Margin

Cash margin represents the average realized copper price per pound sold less total cash cost per pound sold.

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Average realized copper price for the period (US\$ per pound)	\$3.22	\$3.37	\$3.31	\$3.47
Less:				
Total cash cost of sales net of precious metal credits(US\$ per pound sold)	2.22	2.83	2.24	2.15
Cash margin (US\$ per pound)	\$1.00	\$0.54	\$1.07	\$1.32

Adjusted Earnings (Loss)

Adjusted earnings (loss) removes the effects of the following transactions from operating income as reported under IFRS:

- Unrealized gains/losses on derivative instruments;
- Changes in fair value of financial instruments;
- Foreign currency translation gains/losses and
- Non-recurring transactions

Management believes that these transactions do not reflect the underlying operational performance of the Company's mining operations and are also not indicative of future operating results.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA

EBITDA represents earnings before interest, income taxes and depreciation. Adjusted EBITDA includes further adjustments for non-recurring items and items not indicative to the future operating performance of the Company. The Company believes EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are appropriate supplemental measure of debt service capacity and performance of its operations.

Adjusted EBITDA is calculated by removing the following income statement items:

- Unrealized loss/gain on interest rate swaps;
- Foreign exchange loss/gain;
- Pricing adjustments on concentrate and metal sales

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA	Three months ended September 30, Restated		Nine months ended September 30, Restated	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net income (loss)	15,086,632	9,837,744	731,073	38,335,134
Add (Deduct):				
Finance income	(30,649)	(310,828)	(216,073)	(1,256,603)
Finance expense	2,080,671	1,763,226	6,383,667	6,072,661
Depreciation	7,998,792	5,874,980	22,999,012	19,656,674
Current resource tax expense	817,615	94,273	1,235,040	1,049,034
Deferred income tax expense	3,497,000	-	2,774,259	-
EBITDA	29,450,061	17,259,395	33,906,978	63,856,900
Add (Deduct):				
Pricing adjustments on concentrate and metal sales	(8,282,970)	(3,754,266)	1,217,147	(236,822)
Unrealized loss (gain) on interest rate swaps	279,510	(71,580)	(2,274,698)	(7,530,574)
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)	(6,636,035)	(8,988,290)	10,145,810	3,259,889
Adjusted EBITDA	14,810,566	4,445,259	42,995,237	59,349,393

Other MD&A Requirements

- (a) Additional information relating to the Company, including the Company's Annual Information Form, is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

The following details the share capital structure as at October 29, 2013 the date of this MD&A.

	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number	Number
Common shares	-	-	-	98,619,427
Share purchase options	May 6, 2014	\$0.60	2,526,000	
	January 14 – August 12, 2015	\$2.26 - \$2.55	1,670,000	
	February 10 – May 1, 2016	\$7.01 – \$7.22	395,000	
	September 11, 2016 – April 5, 2017	\$4.52 - \$5.48	1,010,000	
			5,601,000	
Fully diluted shares outstanding				104,220,427

Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting and Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures. Our internal control system over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance to management and the Board of Directors regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements. Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

1. pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
2. provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and
3. provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Our internal control system over disclosure controls and procedures is designed to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the Company is made known to management and disclosed to others and information required to be disclosed by the Company in our annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by us under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the securities legislation.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial reporting and disclosure. Other than changes related to our conversion to IFRS, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures during the year ended December 31, 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, internal control over financial reporting and disclosure.

The Company's management, at the direction of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the internal controls over financial reporting and

disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report, and have concluded that they were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company's success depends on a number of factors, most of which are beyond the control of the Company. Typical risk factors include copper, gold and silver price fluctuations, foreign currency fluctuations, and operating uncertainties encountered in the mining business. Future government, legal or regulatory changes could affect any aspect of the Company's business, including, among other things, environmental issues, land claims, permitting and taxation costs all of which could adversely affect the ability of the Company to continue to operate the Copper Mountain mine. These risks and uncertainties are managed by experienced managers, advisors and consultants, by maintaining adequate liquidity, and by cost control initiatives.

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013
(Unaudited)

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

Canadian dollars (Unaudited)

	September 30, 2013 \$	December 31, 2012 (restated note 3) \$
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	17,111,172	24,300,790
Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses (note 4)	16,810,572	15,352,990
Inventory (note 5)	28,297,830	20,874,281
	62,219,574	60,528,061
Restricted cash	-	6,013,726
Reclamation bonds (note 9a)	8,216,500	8,200,500
Deferred tax asset	2,189,080	1,301,220
Property, plant and equipment (note 6)	535,813,979	541,607,854
Low grade stockpile (note 5)	29,832,790	14,168,942
	638,271,923	631,820,303
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 7)	28,604,821	30,968,685
Current portion of long-term debt (note 8)	19,613,787	18,756,271
Current tax liability	1,230,943	126,851
	49,449,551	49,851,807
Decommissioning and restoration provision (note 9b)	6,348,755	6,997,883
Interest rate swap liability (note 8)	7,462,642	10,980,888
Long-term debt (note 8)	304,163,284	304,178,343
Deferred tax liability	6,416,999	2,754,880
	373,841,231	374,763,801
Equity		
Attributable to shareholders of the Company:		
Share capital	158,110,551	157,942,209
Contributed surplus	9,657,971	9,469,280
Retained earnings (deficit)	17,584,400	18,025,756
	185,352,922	185,437,245
Non-controlling interest	79,077,770	71,619,257
Total equity	264,430,692	257,056,502
	638,271,923	631,820,303

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors

(signed) Jim O'Rourke Director

(signed) Bruce Aunger Director

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30,

Canadian dollars (Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30, 2012		Nine months ended September 30, 2012	
	2013 \$	(restated note 3) \$	2013 \$	(restated note 3) \$
Revenue (note 11)	67,615,718	47,646,402	168,408,043	179,387,350
Cost of sales (note 12)	(51,245,797)	(43,457,892)	(145,608,673)	(134,092,498)
Gross profit (loss)	16,369,921	4,188,510	22,799,370	45,294,852
Other income and expenses				
General and administration (note 12)	(1,249,714)	(1,052,319)	(3,978,854)	(3,455,690)
Share based compensation (note 10)	(25,463)	(811,646)	(41,438)	(1,909,621)
Operating income (loss)	15,094,744	2,324,545	18,779,078	39,929,541
Finance income	30,649	310,828	216,073	1,256,603
Finance expense (note 13)	(2,080,671)	(1,763,226)	(6,383,667)	(6,072,661)
Gain (loss) on interest rate swap	(279,510)	71,580	2,274,698	(3,259,889)
Foreign exchange (loss) gain	6,636,035	8,988,290	(10,145,810)	7,530,574
Income (loss) before tax	19,401,247	9,932,017	4,740,372	39,384,168
Current resource tax expense	(817,615)	(94,273)	(1,235,040)	(1,049,034)
Deferred income tax expense	(3,497,000)	-	(2,774,259)	-
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	15,086,632	9,837,744	731,073	38,335,134
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:				
Shareholders of the Company	11,228,008	7,021,854	(441,356)	27,544,900
Non-controlling interest	3,858,624	2,815,890	1,172,429	10,790,234
	15,086,632	9,837,744	731,073	38,335,134
Earnings (loss) per share:				
Basic	0.11	0.07	0.00	0.28
Diluted	0.11	0.07	0.00	0.26
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted	98,618,383	98,509,366	98,618,383	98,506,469
Shares outstanding at end of the period	98,619,427	98,547,377	98,619,427	98,547,377

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30,

Canadian dollars (Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30, 2012		Nine months ended September 30, 2012	
	2013 \$	(restated note 3) \$	2013 \$	(restated note 3) \$
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income for the year	15,086,632	9,837,744	731,073	38,335,134
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation	7,998,792	6,575,318	22,999,012	21,346,881
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	(5,039,189)	(11,968,149)	11,788,537	(10,609,042)
Unrealized (gain) loss on interest rate swap	279,510	(71,580)	(2,274,698)	3,259,889
Deferred income tax expense	3,497,000	-	2,774,259	-
Finance expense	2,080,671	2,347,234	6,383,667	6,485,312
Share based compensation	25,463	811,646	41,438	1,909,621
	23,928,879	7,532,214	42,443,288	60,727,795
Net changes in working capital items (note 15)	(8,478,768)	1,466,392	(23,426,325)	(24,444,870)
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	15,450,111	8,998,606	19,016,963	36,282,925
Cash flows from investing activities				
Reclamation bonding	600,000	-	(16,000)	(3,500,000)
Restricted cash	-	-	5,824,694	(11,500)
Deferred stripping activities	(3,517,431)	(8,925,525)	(9,060,181)	(22,987,467)
Development of property, plant and equipment	(2,285,669)	(3,752,622)	(10,139,762)	(14,328,070)
Net cash (used) in investing activities	(5,203,100)	(12,678,147)	(13,391,249)	(40,827,037)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Issue of common shares - net of issue costs	-	104,744	115,350	172,625
Contributions from non-controlling interest	6,286,084	447,483	6,286,084	651,056
Term loan principal (paid)	(1,654,400)	(790,080)	(8,416,388)	(7,411,170)
Interest paid	(3,408,971)	(1,057,050)	(6,321,656)	(4,135,042)
Finance lease payments	(1,545,525)	(1,692,408)	(4,889,921)	(3,450,526)
Net cash (used in) from financing activities	(322,812)	(2,987,311)	(13,226,531)	(14,173,057)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	203,817	(139,367)	411,199	5,654
Increase (decrease) in cash	10,128,016	(6,806,219)	(7,189,618)	(18,711,515)
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of period	6,983,156	39,094,343	24,300,790	39,094,343
Cash and cash equivalents - End of period	17,111,172	32,288,124	17,111,172	20,382,828

Supplementary cash flow disclosures (note 15)

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

Canadian dollars (Unaudited)

Attributable to equity owners of the Company

	Number of shares	Amount \$	Contributed surplus \$	Retained earnings (deficit) \$	Total \$	Non-controlling interest \$	Total equity \$
Balance January 1, 2012	98,466,877	157,596,608	6,602,387	(11,027,878)	153,171,117	60,199,531	213,370,648
Options exercised	80,500	172,625	-	-	172,625	-	172,625
Fair value of options exercised	-	88,097	(88,097)	-	-	-	-
Share based compensation	-	-	2,547,876	-	2,547,876	-	2,547,876
Contributions made by Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	651,056	651,056
Income (Loss) for the period	-	-	-	27,544,900	27,544,900	10,790,234	38,335,134
Balance – September 30, 2012 (restated)	98,547,377	157,857,330	9,062,166	16,517,022	183,436,518	71,640,821	255,077,339
Options exercised	23,550	54,605	-	-	54,605	-	54,605
Fair value of options exercised	-	30,274	(30,274)	-	-	-	-
Share based compensation	-	-	437,388	-	437,388	-	437,388
Income (Loss) for the period	-	-	-	1,508,734	1,508,734	(21,564)	1,487,170
Balance December 31, 2012 (restated)	98,570,927	157,942,209	9,469,280	18,025,756	185,437,245	71,619,257	257,056,502
Balance as at January 1, 2013	98,570,927	157,942,209	9,469,280	18,025,756	185,437,245	71,619,257	257,056,502
Options exercised	48,500	115,350	-	-	115,350	-	115,350
Fair value of options exercised	-	52,992	(52,992)	-	-	-	-
Share based compensation	-	-	241,683	-	241,683	-	241,683
Contributions made by Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	6,286,084	6,286,084
Income (Loss) for the period	-	-	-	(441,356)	(441,356)	1,172,429	731,073
Balance September 30, 2013	98,619,427	158,110,551	9,657,971	17,584,400	185,352,922	79,077,770	264,430,692

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

1 General Information

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation (“the Company”) was incorporated under the provisions of the British Columbia Business Corporations Act on April 20, 2006 and is a Canadian development and operating mining company. The Company maintains its head office at Suite 1700 – 700 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia. The Company through a subsidiary owns 75% of the Copper Mountain mine while Mitsubishi Materials Corporation (“MMC”) owns the other 25% in the Copper Mountain mine.

2 Basis of presentation and adoption of IFRS

- a. The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (“IASB”). These consolidated financial statements were approved for issue on May 9, 2013, by the Board of Directors.
- b. Foreign currency translation

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company’s functional currency. Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate prevailing at each reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency translation differences are recognized in profit or loss.

3 Adoption of New and Amended IFRS Pronouncements

The Company’s accounting policies have not changed from the year ended December 31, 2012 except for the adoption of following new and amended IFRS Pronouncements below.

The Company adopted several new and amended IFRS pronouncements. Disclosure of the impacts of adopting IFRS 10, 11, 12 and 13 was included in the Company’s financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2013 and effective at January 1, 2013, in accordance with transitional provisions outlined in the respective standards.

Production stripping costs

The Company adopted IFRIC 20, Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine (“IFRIC 20”) and applied the requirements to production stripping costs incurred on or after January 1, 2012, in accordance with the transitional provisions of IFRIC 20.

The interpretation provides guidance on how to account for waste stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine. Stripping activity related to inventory produced is accounted for in accordance with IAS 2, Inventories. Stripping activity that improves access to ore is accounted for as an addition to or enhancement of an existing asset.

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

Under IFRIC 20, stripping activity assets are recognized when the following three criteria are met:

- it is probable that the future economic benefit (improved access to the ore body) associated with the stripping activity will flow to the entity;
- the entity can identify the component of the ore body for which access has been improved; and
- the costs relating to the stripping activity associated with that component can be measured reliably.

Stripping activity assets capitalized under IFRIC 20 are classified as mineral properties and mine development costs within property, plant and equipment, which is consistent with the classification of the asset these costs relate to. These assets are amortized on a units-of-production basis over the remaining proven and probable reserves of the respective components.

The adoption of IFRIC 20 resulted in an increase in the capitalization of production stripping assets on the consolidated balance sheet and an increase in profit and earnings per share. Inventories were adjusted to reflect capitalize production stripping costs. The depreciation of stripping activity assets is included in the cost of inventories. Concurrent with the adoption of IFRIC 20, the Company has changed its method of allocating mining costs between high grade and low grade inventory to use a contained metal allocation basis. The tables below outline the adjustments to our financial statements for all comparative periods presented. Concurrent with the adoption of IFRIC 20, the Company has changed its method of allocating mining costs between high grade and low grade inventory to use a contained metal allocation basis.

The adoption of IFRIC 20 has significantly increased the capitalization of production stripping costs as compared to our previous accounting policy. As at September 30, 2013, a cumulative total of \$41.0 million of stripping activity assets have been capitalized.

a. Transition to IFRIC 20 - Adjustments to Consolidated Financial Statements

Adjustments to consolidated balance sheet

	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012
	\$	\$
Equity before accounting changes	244,005,027	241,766,324
Adjustments to:		
Inventory (including low grade stockpile)	(13,823,395)	(9,676,453)
Property, Plant and Equipment	31,225,362	22,987,467
Deferred tax asset	(1,595,612)	-
Deferred tax liability	(2,754,880)	-
Equity after accounting changes	257,056,502	255,077,338
Equity under accounting changes attributable to:		
Shareholders of the Company	185,437,245	183,436,517
Non-controlling interest	71,619,257	71,640,821

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

<i>Adjustments to consolidated statement of income</i>	Year ended December 31, 2012	Nine months ended September 30, 2012
	\$	\$
Net Income (loss) before accounting changes	27,421,885	25,024,119
Adjustments to:		
Cost of sales	17,401,967	13,311,015
Deferred income and resource tax recovery	(4,350,492)	-
	40,473,360	38,335,134
Profit after accounting changes attributable to:		
Shareholders of the Company	29,053,634	27,544,900
Non-controlling interest	11,419,726	10,790,234
Earnings per share after accounting changes		
Basic	0.29	0.28
Diluted	0.29	0.26

4 Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	\$	\$
Amounts due from concentrate sales	9,109,918	9,092,647
Pricing adjustments	3,199,002	1,033,310
Other receivables	3,168,419	4,041,426
Prepaid expenses	1,333,233	1,185,607
	16,810,572	15,352,990

5 Inventory

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	\$	\$
Supplies	13,512,753	11,306,189
Ore stockpile	5,100,602	2,062,188
Crushed ore stockpile	1,152,707	1,490,524
Copper Concentrate	8,531,768	6,015,380
	28,297,830	20,874,281
Low grade stockpile ¹	29,832,790	14,168,942

Inventory expensed during the Nine month period ended September 30, 2013 totaled \$113,940,693 (2012 restated – \$116,372,816).

¹ Stockpile of inventory that is not expected to be processed until towards the end of the mine life

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

6 Property, plant and equipment

Cost	Plant and equipment \$	Exploration and evaluation asset \$	Mineral properties and mine development costs \$	Total \$
As at January 1, 2012	441,183,510	2,587,022	90,896,242	534,666,774
Additions	15,818,467	3,288,503	31,424,808	50,531,778
Restoration provision	-	-	1,805,547	1,805,547
As at December 31, 2012	457,001,977	5,875,525	124,126,597	587,004,099
Additions	6,084,831	228,617	13,902,389	20,215,837
Restoration provision	-	-	(718,820)	(718,820)
As at September 30, 2013	463,086,808	6,104,142	137,310,166	606,501,116
Accumulated depreciation	Plant and equipment \$	Exploration and evaluation asset \$	Mineral properties and mine development costs \$	Total \$
As at January 1, 2012	(12,961,635)	-	(1,654,077)	(14,615,712)
Depreciation charge	(25,407,275)	-	(5,373,258)	(30,780,533)
As at December 31, 2012	(38,368,910)	-	(7,027,335)	(45,396,245)
Depreciation charge	(18,203,467)	-	(7,087,425)	(25,290,892)
As at September 30, 2013	(56,572,377)	-	(14,114,760)	(70,687,137)
Net book value				
As at December 31, 2012	418,633,067	5,875,525	117,099,262	541,607,854
As at September 30, 2013	406,514,431	6,104,142	123,195,406	535,813,979

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

7 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	\$	\$
Trade accounts payable	16,025,558	16,941,830
Accrued liabilities	9,964,063	11,910,290
Amount due to related party	1,728,743	659,521
Current portion of interest rate swap liability	785,541	1,155,883
Deferred Share Units liability	100,916	301,161
	28,604,821	30,968,685

8 Long-term debt

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	\$	\$
Subordinated loan (a)	10,554,392	10,127,870
Senior credit facility (b)	140,220,616	139,945,485
Term loan (c)	155,193,128	152,697,133
Total long term debt	305,968,136	302,770,488
Leases (d)	17,808,935	20,142,864
Other	-	21,262
Total	17,808,935	20,164,126
Less: current portion	(19,613,787)	(18,756,271)
	304,163,284	304,178,343

a) Subordinated loan

In April 2010, the Company entered into a loan agreement with a subsidiary of MMC for \$9,600,000. The loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.8%. The loan principle and accumulated interest matures on June 30, 2023 and is pre-payable at any time without penalty. The loan and accumulated interest is subordinate to the senior credit facility. Total issue and transaction costs incurred were \$930,802.

The outstanding amount of \$11,202,560 is net of issue and transaction costs of \$648,168 which are amortized over the life of the loan.

b) Senior credit facility

The Company has a senior credit facility (“the SCF”) with a consortium of Japanese banks.

The maximum amount available under the SCF was US\$162,000,000 and this was fully drawn during the 2011 year. The SCF carries a variable interest rate of LIBOR plus 2% and matures on June 15, 2023. The SCF is repayable in twenty four semi-annual instalments commencing December 15, 2011, with 40% of the principal balance due in the final two years before maturity. The instalments are payable on a fixed schedule, subject to mandatory prepayment based on the cash flows relating to the project. On December

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

15, 2011 the Company commenced instalment payments on the loans. As at September 30, 2013 cumulative principle payments totalled US\$21,060,000.

Under the terms of the SCF, the Company's 75% owned subsidiary is required to maintain certain debt service reserve balances which will fluctuate each year. During the period ended September 30, 2013, the Company has guaranteed the debt service reserve balances of the subsidiary. The guarantee is limited to the next twelve months to a maximum balance of US\$14,500,000. As at September 30, 2013 the Company held a balance of \$NIL (2012 – \$6,013,726) classified as restricted cash.

As at September 30, 2013 the SCF has a principal amount outstanding of \$145,210,481 (US\$140,940,000). The outstanding amount of \$140,220,616 is net of issue costs of \$4,989,865 which are amortized over the life of the loan.

The SCF is collateralized by all the assets of the Copper Mountain mine and is insured by Nippon Export and Investment Insurance. In addition, the Company and MMC have guaranteed the SCF until project completion is achieved. The project completion test was performed and met during the period ended September 30, 2013.

Minimum principal repayments of the amounts outstanding under the SCF are as follows:

	<u>US\$</u>
2013	4,860,000
2014	5,670,000
2015	1,620,000
2016 – 2023	<u>128,790,000</u>
	<u>140,940,000</u>

Under the terms of the SCF, the Company was required to complete an interest rate swap on 70% of the principal amount of the facility. The Company has locked in the six month LIBOR rate for 70% of the loan value at 3.565% fixed rate interest payment stream. The interest rate swaps mature on December 15, 2020.

As at September 30, 2013 the swap had an unrealized fair value loss of \$8,248,183 (2012 - \$12,136,771). The current portion of \$785,541 is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The Company is subject to certain debt covenants on the SCF. As at September 30, 2013 the Company is in compliance with all covenants.

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

c) Term loan

In July 2010, the Company entered into a term loan (“the Term Loan”) with the Japan Bank for International Cooperation.

The maximum amount available under the Term Loan is US\$160,000,000. The Term Loan carries a variable interest rate of LIBOR plus 0.551% and matures on February 15, 2022. As at September 30, 2013 the term loan has a principal amount outstanding of \$159,902,560 (US\$155,200,000). The outstanding amount of \$155,193,128 is net of issue costs of \$4,709,432 which are amortized over the life of the loan. The Term Loan is guaranteed by MMC in exchange for a fee of 0.2% per annum.

The Term Loan is unsecured and repayable in increasing instalments every six months commencing February 2012, with the majority of the loan falling due in the last six instalments. As at September 30, 2013 the Company cumulatively paid three instalments totalling US \$4,800,000 in accordance with the loan agreement.

Principal repayment amounts outstanding under the Term Loan are as follows:

	<u>US\$</u>
2014	3,200,000
2015	4,800,000
2016	8,000,000
2017 - 2022	<u>139,200,000</u>
	<u>155,200,000</u>

The Company is subject to certain debt covenants. As at September 30, 2013 the Company is in compliance with all covenants.

d) Leases

- (i) In March 2012 the Company entered into a finance lease agreement with one of its equipment suppliers. The lease is payable in 48 instalments which commenced on March 26, 2012 and will end on March 26, 2016 with interest at a fixed rate of 5.5% per annum.
- (ii) In September 2012 the Company entered into a finance lease agreement with one of its equipment suppliers. The lease is payable in 36 instalments which commenced on September 6, 2012 and will end on September 5, 2015 with interest at a fixed rate of 5.5% per annum.
- (iii) In May 2013 the Company entered into a finance lease agreement with one of its equipment suppliers. The lease is payable in 60 instalments which commenced on May 31, 2013 and will end on April 30, 2018 with interest at a fixed rate of 5.5% per annum.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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Gross finance lease liability and minimum lease payments	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	\$	\$
Within one year	7,025,015	6,833,005
Between two and four years	12,099,365	15,179,635
	19,124,380	22,012,640
Future interest	(1,315,445)	(1,869,776)
Present value of finance lease liability	17,808,935	20,142,864

The present value of the finance lease liability is repayable as follows:

Finance lease liability and minimum lease payments, net of interest	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	\$	\$
Within one year	6,303,823	5,902,163
Between two and four years	11,505,112	14,240,701
Total over one year	17,808,935	20,142,864

9 Decommissioning and restoration provision

a. Reclamation bonds

The Company has on deposit \$8,216,500 with the Government of British Columbia in support of reclamation liabilities at the Copper Mountain mine site. The Company receives interest on these bonds. During the Nine months ended September 30, 2013 the Company has deposited an additional \$16,000 with the government of British Columbia in support of this reclamation liability.

b. Decommissioning and restoration provision

The Company has a liability for remediation of current and past disturbances associated with mining activities at the Copper Mountain property. Decommissioning liabilities are as follows:

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	\$	\$
Opening balance	6,997,883	5,152,382
Changes in estimated costs and timing	(718,820)	1,805,547
Unwinding of discount on restoration provision	69,692	39,954
End of period	6,348,755	6,997,883

The provision decreased as a result of the increase in the discount rate. The Company used an inflation rate of 1.10% (2012 – 1.20%) and a discount rate of 2.84% (2012 – 2.28%) in calculating the estimated obligation. The decommissioning obligations are accreted as a finance expense over the life of the mine. The liability for retirement and remediation on an undiscounted basis is \$8,259,191. The expected timing of payment of the cash flows commences in 2028.

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

10 Share based compensation

a. Stock options

The Company has a stock option plan whereby it can grant up to 7,500,000 stock options exercisable for a period of up to ten years from the grant date. As at September 30, 2013 the Company had 5,626,000 options outstanding as follows:

	Number of shares	Weighted average exercised price \$
December 31, 2012	5,674,500	2.32
Exercised and expired	(73,500)	2.38
September 30, 2013	<u>5,601,000</u>	<u>2.32</u>

The weighted average share price on the date of stock option exercises during the year was \$1.85.

Date of stock option grant	Number of options	Exercise price	Expiry date
May 6, 2009	2,526,000	\$ 0.60	May 6, 2014
Jan. 14 to Aug. 12, 2010	1,670,000	\$ 2.26 to \$2.55	Jan. 14 to Aug.12, 2015
Feb. 10 to May 01, 2011	395,000	\$7.01 to \$7.22	Feb. 10 to May 01, 2016
Sept. 11, 2011 to April 5, 2012	<u>1,010,000</u>	\$4.52 to \$5.48	Sept. 11, 2016 to April 5, 2017
	<u>5,601,000</u>		

As at September 30, 2013, 5,383,250 options were fully vested and exercisable at a weighted average exercise price of \$2.18.

During the period ended September 30, 2013, share based compensation expense included \$241,683 related to stock options (2012 - \$1,907,900).

b. Deferred Share Unit Plans

Deferred Share Unit Plan for Non-Employee Directors (“DSU-D”)

The Company established a deferred share unit (“DSU”) plan that allows directors to receive director fees in the form of deferred share units. Directors can elect to receive common shares or cash upon exercise of the DSU. DSUs may only be exercised when the holder ceases to be a director. Vesting terms of the DSUs are established by the directors at the time the DSUs are granted.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

Deferred Share Unit Program for Employees (“DSU-E”)

The Company established a deferred share unit program that allows executive officers to receive incentive compensation in the form of deferred share units. Executive officers can elect to receive common shares upon exercise of the DSU by paying the exercise price or they can elect to receive cash equal to the difference between the exercise price and the market price of the Company’s common shares at the time of exercise of the DSU. Vesting terms of the DSUs are established by the directors at the time the DSUs are granted.

The table below shows the changes to the deferred share units in the period to September 30, 2013:

Units	DSU-D (1)	DSU-E (2)
December 31, 2012	57,339	329,646
Granted in the period	500,000	350,000
September 30, 2013	557,339	679,646
	DSU-D	DSU-E
Liability	\$	\$
December 31, 2012	225,342	75,819
Share based compensation expense (recovery)	(124,425)	(75,819)
September 30, 2013	100,917	-

(1) As at September 30, 2013, all DSU-Ds issued prior to the April 13, 2013 grant had vested.

(2) As at September 30, 2013, all DSU-Es issued prior to the April 13, 2013 grant had vested.

As at September 30, 2013, the following deferred share units were outstanding:

Date of grant	Number of units	Exercise price	Expiry date
DSU-D - September 17, 2010	27,028	-	September 17, 2020
DSU-D - August 12, 2011	7,656	-	August 12, 2021
DSU-D - April 5, 2012	22,655	-	April 5, 2022
DSU-E - September 17, 2010	329,646	\$ 3.70	September 17, 2020
DSU-D - April 13, 2013	500,000	\$1.88	April 19, 2018
DSU-E - April 13, 2013	350,000	\$1.88	April 19, 2018
	1,236,985		

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

11 Revenue

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Copper concentrate	54,324,724	40,407,429	152,985,184	160,401,624
Gold metal sales	8,178,773	5,154,904	24,725,948	22,965,746
Silver metal sales	1,546,920	2,192,765	4,791,700	9,136,685
Treatment and refining charges	(4,717,669)	(3,862,962)	(12,877,642)	(13,353,527)
Pricing adjustments on unsettled concentrate and metal sales	11,191,935	4,838,172	3,170,300	4,838,172
Concentrate and metal sales settled in the period	(2,908,965)	(1,083,906)	(4,387,447)	(4,601,350)
	67,615,718	47,646,402	168,408,043	179,387,350

Sales of metal in concentrates are recognized on a provisional pricing basis when title transfers and the rights and obligations of ownership pass to the customer, which occurs upon shipment. Final pricing for concentrates sold is not determined at that time as it is contractually linked to market prices at a subsequent date. These arrangements have the characteristics of a derivative instrument as the value of our receivables will vary as prices for the underlying commodities vary in the metal markets. These price adjustments result in gains in a rising price environment and losses in a declining price environment and are recorded as pricing adjustments to revenues.

12 Expenses by nature

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost of sales				
Direct mining and milling costs	30,042,889	25,420,582	81,959,405	76,302,997
Employee compensation and benefits	10,018,380	9,732,006	31,981,288	28,449,011
Depreciation	7,998,792	5,874,980	22,999,012	19,656,674
Transportation costs	3,185,736	2,430,324	8,668,968	9,683,816
	51,245,797	43,457,892	145,608,673	134,092,498
General and administration				
Corporate employee compensation and benefits	561,025	491,501	1,957,408	1,507,440
Corporate administrative and office expenses	688,689	560,818	2,021,446	1,948,250
	1,249,714	1,052,319	3,978,854	3,455,690
	52,495,511	44,510,211	149,587,527	137,548,188

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Cost of sales consists of direct mining and milling costs (which include an allocation of operating waste stripping costs, maintenance and repair costs, operating supplies, and external services), employee compensation and benefits, depreciation, transportation costs and changes in the inventory balance.

13 Finance expense

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Interest on loans	1,774,966	1,490,620	5,693,412	5,250,034
Amortization of financing fees	279,360	265,317	617,233	793,528
Unwinding of discount on restoration provision	26,345	7,289	73,022	29,099
	2,080,671	1,763,226	6,383,667	6,072,661

14 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties have occurred in the normal course of the Company's operations.

- During the Nine month period ended September 30, 2013 the Company sold copper concentrates to MMC with revenues totalling \$168,408,043 including pricing adjustments. (2012 – \$179,387,350)
- During the Nine month period ended September 30, 2013 the Company accrued interest on the subordinated loan with MMC totalling \$349,440 (2012 - \$350,720)
- During the nine month period ended September 30, 2013, the Company paid \$35,686 (2012 – \$108,037) in office rent to Kobex Minerals Inc. Kobex Minerals Inc. was related to the Company by a common director.
- Compensation of key management:

Key management includes the Company's directors and officers. Compensation awarded to key management includes:

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries and short-term employee benefits	332,865	346,336	4,311,810	1,014,221
Share based compensation	11,468	647,833	(200,244)	1,970,012
	344,333	994,169	4,111,566	2,984,233

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

15 Supplementary cash flow disclosures

- a. As at September 30, 2013, cash and cash equivalents consists of guaranteed investment certificates of \$NIL (2012 - \$23,567,000) and \$17,111,172 in cash (2012 - \$415,788) held in bank accounts.
- b. A reconciliation of net changes in working capital items is as follows:

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Change in accounts receivable and prepaid expenses	(4,108,923)	2,461,418	(1,766,783)	(24,600,265)
Change in inventory	(4,715,468)	(2,778,080)	(18,724,247)	645,233
Change in tax liability	817,374	94,273	1,104,092	1,049,034
Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(471,750)	1,688,781	(4,039,386)	(1,538,872)
	(8,478,768)	1,466,392	(23,426,325)	(24,444,870)

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

16 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities have been classified into categories that determine their basis of measurement and, for items measured at fair value, whether changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of income or comprehensive income. Those categories are: fair value through profit or loss; loans and receivables; available for sale assets; and, for liabilities, amortized cost.

The following table shows the carrying values of assets and liabilities for each of these categories at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
<i>Loans and receivables</i>		
Cash and cash equivalents	17,111,172	24,300,790
Restricted cash	-	6,013,726
Reclamation bonds	8,216,500	8,200,500
Amounts due from concentrate sales (note 4)	9,109,918	9,092,647
 <i>Fair value through profit and loss</i>		
Pricing adjustments (note 4)	3,199,002	1,033,310
 Financial liabilities		
<i>Amortized cost</i>		
Accounts payable (note 7)	16,025,558	16,941,830
Long-term debt	304,163,284	304,178,343
 <i>Fair value through profit and loss</i>		
Interest rate swap liability (note 8b)	8,248,183	12,136,771

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, reclamation bonds, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt approximate their fair value. The methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair value of other financial assets and liabilities are as follows:

- Amounts due from concentrate sales. Copper concentrate is sold under pricing arrangements where final prices are set at a specified future date based on market copper prices. Changes between the prices recorded upon recognition of revenue and the final price due to fluctuations in copper market prices give rise to an embedded derivative in the accounts receivable. This derivative is recorded at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized as a component of revenue.
- Long-term debt. The Company's long-term debt carries interest based on specified benchmark interest rates plus a spread (see note 8). The fair values of the company's debt obligations approximate their carrying amounts due to the fact that interest is adjusted periodically based on changes in the relevant benchmark interest rates and there have been no significant changes in the Company's own credit risk.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

- Interest rate swaps liability. The Company's derivative liabilities relate to interest rate swap contracts. The fair values of interest rate swaps are calculated as the net present value of the future cash flows expected to arise on the variable and fixed legs, determined using applicable yield curves at each measurement date. Swap curves, which incorporate credit spreads applicable to large commercial banks, are typically used to calculate expected future cash flows and the present values thereof. Adjustments are also made to reflect the Company's own credit risk and the credit risk of the counter party, if different from the spread implicit in the swap curve.

Fair Value hierarchy

The following table classifies financial assets and liabilities that are recognized on the balance sheet at fair value in a hierarchy that is based on significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

The levels in the hierarchy are:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)
- Level 3 - Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy as at September 30, 2013:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total fair value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets				
Pricing adjustments (note 4)	-	3,199,002	-	3,199,002
Financial liabilities				
Interest rate swap liability (note 8b)	-	8,248,183	-	8,248,183

Financial risks factors

The company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. Risk management is carried out by management under policies approved by the board of directors. Management identifies and evaluates the financial risks in co-operation with the company's operating units. The Company's overall risk management program seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

Copper Mountain Mining Corporation

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited)

a. Currency risk

The Company incurs expenditures in Canadian and US dollars. The measurement and reporting currency of the parent company is Canadian dollars. Foreign exchange risk arises because the amount of the US dollar cash and cash equivalents, receivable, payables and debt will vary in Canadian dollar terms due to changes in exchange rates. The Company has not hedged its exposure to currency fluctuations.

b. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages this risk by careful review of its working capital to maintain sufficient liquid resources to meet its operational and capital requirements.

The Company has sufficient liquidity to meet its operational, capital and financing obligations going forward. The Company is experiencing continuous operational improvements at the mine and has incorporated high energy blasting and internally financed the purchase of a portable pre-crusher to increase mill throughput rates.